

AFDC 25 (3354) DTZS
ISO 4120: 2021
ICS No. 67.240



DRAFT TANZANIA STANDARD

Sensory analysis – Methodology – Triangular test

DRAFT TANZANIA STANDARD FOR STAKEHOLDERS COMMENTS ONLY

TANZANIA BUREAU OF STANDARDS

0 NATIONAL FOREWORD

The Tanzania Bureau of Standards is the statutory national standards body for Tanzania, formally established by the Act.No.3 of 1975, which was amended and repealed by Act.No.2 of 2009.

This draft Tanzania Standard is being prepared by the Sensory evaluation Technical Committee, under supervision of Agriculture and Food Standards Divisional Committee (AFDC).

It is identical to **ISO 4120:2021 – Sensory analysis – Methodology – Triangular test**, published by International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

TERMINOLOGY AND CONVENTIONS

The text of the International standard is hereby being recommended for approval without deviation for publication as Tanzania standard.

Some terminologies and certain conventions are not identical with those used in Tanzania standards; attention is drawn especially to the following: -

- 1) The comma has been used as a decimal marker for metric dimensions. In Tanzania Standards, it is current practice to use “full point” on the baseline as the decimal marker.
- 2) Where the words “International Standard(s)” appear, referring to this standard they should read “Tanzania Standard(s)”.

1 Scope

This document specifies a procedure for determining whether a perceptible sensory difference or similarity exists between samples of two products. The method is a forced-choice procedure. The method is applicable whether a difference exists in a single sensory attribute or in several attributes.

The method is statistically more efficient than the duo-trio test (described in ISO 10399), but has limited use with products that exhibit strong carryover and/or lingering flavours.